Chief Chief Chief Contract Con

VOL. VIII. NO. 50. NEW SERIES,

COLUMBUS. OHIO, WEDNESDAY MORNING. AUG. 7, 1861.

Che Ohio Statesman WORCESTER'S DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY

MANYPENNY & MILLER. PUBLISH) ES AND PROPRIETORS.

Office Nes. 36, 38 and 40, North High St TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. - - 1 1 00

erms of Advertising by the Square

Advertisements leaded and placed in the column of Special Notices," double the ordinary rates. All notices required to be published by law, legal rates. It ordered on the inside exclusively after the first week It ordered on the insteescolusively after the first week per cent, mere than the above rates; but all such wil apocar in the Tri-Weekly without charge.

Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, per year, insite, \$12 by per high united \$52.

Notices of meeting , charitables ecieties, are companies, i.e., half price.

All transient advertisements must be paid for in a lecture. The rule will not be varied from.

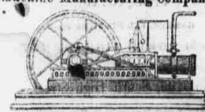
Weekly, same price as the Daily, where the advertises see the Weekly alone. Where he Daily and Weekly are both used, then the charge for the Weekly will be all the rates of the Daily if the rates of the Daily No advertisement taken except for a definite period.

BUSINESS CARDS. F. A. B. SIMKINS,

Attorney at Law AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office—Ambas Building, opposite Capitol Square.

A. OSBORNE, Attorney & Counsellor at Law, MARION, OHIO.

COLUMBUS Machine Manufacturing Company



MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS Castings, Mill-Gearing, Machinery

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GREAT NORTHERN AND EASTERN ROUTE. CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, & CINCIN'I

RAILROAD.

Connecting at Crestline with the PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & ODICAGO BAILBOAD tor Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Baltimore for Fort Wayne and Chloage.
Connecting at Cleveland with the LAKE SHORE BAIL-ROAD

for Dunkirk, Buffale, Albany, Bes-ton, and New York. THREE TRAINS DAILY.

EXCEPT SUNDAY, From Columbus, in connection with Trains on the 1.1TTLE DIAMI AND COLUMBUS AND XENIA RAILROADS.

FIRST TEAIN.

NIGHT EXPRESS.—Leaves Columbus at 3.40 A. M; will leave passeogers at all stations south of Gallon, stop at Pelaware, Asbley, Cardington and Gilead, and at all stations north of Gallon, arriving at Cleveland at 2000 A. M., Dunkirk 3.00 P. M., Burlalo 4.25 P. M. Albany 3.20 A. M., New York S.35 A. M., Boston 2.30 P. M., Pittaburgh via Crestline 3.20 P. M., Philadelphia 5:10 A. M. Chicago via Creatine at 7:00 P. M., SECOND TRAIN.

SECOND TRAIN.

NEW YORK EXPRESS—Leaves Columbus at 11:10 a. m. Will stop at Lewis Centre, (for White Salphur Springs), Delaware, Cardington, Gallon, Crestline, Shely, New London, Wellington and Grafton, arrive at Cleveland at 3:35 p. m.; Dunkick, 8:50 p. m.; Enfalo, 10:25 p. m.; Albany, 8:45 a. m.; New York, 1:45 p. m.; Beston, 4:40 p. m. This Train connects at Shelpty for Sandusky, and at Grafton for Toledo, arriving at Toledo at 6:40 p. m. THIRD TRAIN.

MAIL AND ACCOMMODATION—Leaves Columbus at 2.30 p. m. Will stop at all stations South of Shelhy, and at New London, Wellington, Grafton, and Berca; arriving at Cleveland at 8.30 p. m.; Dunkirk, 2.00 a. m.; Buntalo, 3.30 a. m.; Albany, 2.30 p. m.; New York, 7.20 p. m.; Beston, 11:45 p. m.; Fittaburgh, via Creatilne, at 11.25 p. m.; Philistelphia, 1500 p. m.; Chicago, via Crestiloe, 6:45 a. m. This Train connects at Shelby for Sandusky and Toledo, arriving at Toledo at 8:55 p. m.

Patent Sleeping Cars are run on all Night Trains to Chicago, New York and Boston. Eaggage Checked Through to New York and Bost via Chrotand; also, to Philadelphia and New York via Orestine.

RETURNING.

Night Express arrives at Columbus at ... 11:15 P. M. Cincinnati Express arrives at Columbus at 10:50 A. M. Accommodation Express arrives at Columbus at 7:50 Fare as Low as by any other Route.

Ask for Tickets via Crestline or Cleveland. E. S. FLINT, Superintendent, Oleveland, Ohio. JAMES PATTERSON, Agent, Columbus, Chio Columbus, June 17, 1861.

Just Received! 100 HF. CH GREEN and BLACK
150 peckets old Dutch Government Java Coffee.
150 peckets old Dutch Government Java Coffee.
200 bbls. standard White Sugars, consisting of Powdred, Chrushed, Gramulated A and B Coffee.
50 quintals George Bank Codfish.
20 bbls. Mess and No. 1 Mackerel.
5 tes. Pick Salmon.

M. C. LILLEY BOOK BINDER And Blank-Book Manufanturer, NORTH HIGH STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO

erent brands and grades.
WM. McDONALD.

Red, White and Blue DELATRES, CALICOES, NECK TIES,

apr29 Bain & Son,

A NEW HOOP SKIRT. BAIN & SON. No. 29, SOUTH HIGH STREET.

Have just received a new make of HOOP SKIRTS inlahed in a manner far superior to any yet introduced DURABILITY AND GRACEFULNESS.

ROYAL QUARTO DICTIONARY

The Latest-The Largest-The Best,
The Cheapest Because the Best,

The Most Heljable Standard Authority of the English Language. Sim Hundred Eminent Bilucators of Ohio, THE SEST ENGLISH DICTIONARY EXTANT." Literary Men Beerywhere.

"IB's are upwards of a Hundred Thousand Words, hose multifarious meanings and derivations, together the their correct spelling, and pronunciation are clearly a before the eye."

Read the Decisions of the Members of the Ohio State Teacher's Association. The undersigned, members of the Ohio State Teachers Association, adopt and aim to use in teaching, writing and speaking, the orthography and pronunciation of Worcester's Royal Quarto Dictionary, and we most cortially recommend it as the most reliable, standard authority of the English language, as it is my written and poken.

Incinati.
H. S. Martin, Sup't Canton Union Schools.
EDWIR ROOM, Principal McNeely Normal School.
ELS T. TAYLER, Prof. Mathematics, Ohio University.
WH. W. EDWARDS, Sup't Troy Union School.
A. G. HOFEINS, Principal West High School, Oleve

S. A. Norros, Associate Principal High School, Cleve-W. L. HARRIS, Prof. of Chemistry, Ohio Wesleyan

In H. Hanner, Ex-Commissioner of Common Schools, JAMES MONROE, Prof. Rhesorie, Oberlin College.
TRIDS. HILL, President Antioch College.
C. W. H. CATHCART, Prof. Mathematics, High
School, Dayton.
S. C. CRUMBAUGH, Prof. Language, High School.

Dayton.

B. M. Barrer, Sup't Union Schools, Ashland.

More than Sis Hundred other Presidents of Colleges, Professors, Authors and Distinguished Educators, have endorsed the above sentiment. PRESIDENTS OF COLLEGES IN OHIO.

Manierra Collages —"It is truly a magnificent work, an honor to the author, the publishers, and the whole sountry."—President Andrews. Onto Whiteras University..." It exceeds my expecta-tions. It will be my guide in orthography and pronun-ciation, and will often be consulted by me for its next and accurate definitions."—President Thompson. W. B. ECLECTIC COLLEGE.—"Heretafore we have used Webster's orthography. At a recent meeting of our family, it was decided to change it to conform to that of Worcester's Royal Quarto Dictionary."—President

WESTERN RESERVE COLLEGE. - "I find it worthy of ordial appropriation." - President Hitchcock. ordial approbation."—President Hitchcock.
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withcopy to my children and my pupils."—President Arricon Cottage.—"I adopt and aim to use in teaches, writing and speaking, the orthography and pronunation of Worcester's Reyal Quarto Dictionary."—

"In all my writing, speaking, and teaching, I have en-learned to conform to the rules for orthography and promunciation as contained in Worcester's Dictionary." —Horace Mann, late President. KENYON COLLEGE, GAMBIER. - I most cordially recommond it as the most reliable standard authority of the English language as it is now written and spoken."

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS OF OHIO. From Rev. Anson Smyth, Commissioner of Con Schools in Ohio. "The Dictionary is an imperishable monument to the learning and industry of its author, and an honor to the world of letters. The mechanical execution is far superior to that of any other Leuicon with which I am accounted."

quainted."

From Hon. H. B. Barney. Ec-Commissioner
Schoole in Ohto. "The most reliable standard authority of guage," WHAT THE

Leading Newspapers of Ohio Say From the Cleveland Berald of March 28.

From the Cleveland Beraid of March 28.

The orthography of the Worcester Dictionary is that used by most, if not all, authors of distinction in this country and England, and conforms to the general usage of ordinary writors and speakers.

Whatever prejudices may have existed previously, a careful study of this volume will invariably be followed by a warm appreciation of its great merits, and a desire to add it to the well selected library, be it large or small, It is a library in itself, and will remain an imperishable record of the learning of its compiler.

From the Cincinnati Commercial of April 20.

Here are upwards of a bundred thousand words—good, had and indifferent—whose multifarious meanings and derivations, together with their correct spelling and propunciation, are set clearly before the eye. The work is unquestionably the greatest Thesaurus of English Words ever published.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer of Sept. 20, 1860. Evidently Workerter's Rotal Quarto Dictionary is not only the last, but the next work of the kind ever te-med, and can by no possibility suffer by comparison or

From the Toledo Blade of May 29. PROPORTION OF THE STANDARD BY OUR DESTRUCTION OF DESTRUCTION OF THE STANDARD BY OUR DESTROY AND A DOCUMENT OF THE STANDARD BY WORKESTER CAN BE SAFely followed.

INGHAM & BRAGG, Publishers, Booksellers & Stationers NO. 191 SUPERIOR ST., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIEE INSURANCE COMPANY

Newark, N. J.

Dividend January 1, 1861, 45 Per Cent.

Total receipts for 1860.... \$977,067 74
Paid Claims by Death, 267,050 00
Paid Policies surrendered 41,111 20
Paid Balaries, Postage, Taxes, Exchange, etc........... 31,626 54

Net Balance January lat, 1661. 23,812,558 ASSETS.

1,575 Policies in force, insuring...... 925,426,53: 1,435 new Policies have been issued during the year.

1,435 new Policies have been issued during the year.
After a careful calculation of the present value of the
juistanding Policies of the Company, and having the
seccessivy amount in reserve therefor, the Directors
have declared a Divinist of 45 per cent. on the Fremimus paid at the isble rates, to all policies for life in force,
issued prior to January 1, 1860, payable according to the
present rate of the Company.

Bates for all kinds of Life Contingencies, Prespectmes, Statements, and Applications, will be furnished
wyrmour cuanus, at the Office or Agencies of the Com-ROBT. L. PATTERSON, President. L. O. GROVER, Vice President.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the concepts of the content of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated.

Little Miami & Columbus & Xenia Branch & Columbus & Xenia Branch & Columbus & Xenia Branch & Columbus and St. Lonia

ever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I

blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, cruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous constitutions, but they have feet the scrofulous constitutions, but they have feet the scrofulous constitutions to the surface of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous constitutions, but they have feet the scrofulous constitutions to the surface of life, so that scrofulous constitutions have feet the scrofulous constitutions to the surface of life, so that scrofulous constitutions have feet the scrofulous constitutions to the surface of life, so that scrofulous constitutions have feet the scrofulous constitutions and constitutions have the scrofulous constitutions and constitutions have the scrofulous constitutions and constitutions are scrofulous constitutions. tions not only suffer from scrofulous com-plaints, but they have far less power to with-stand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the Most of the consumption which deimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or

ore aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are inveded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. Fo cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and in-vigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this everywhere prevailing and fatal malady. It is com-bined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affec-tions which arise from it, such as Energye and Selv Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Environment, Propries, Publicles, Blotches, Blains and Bolls, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, RUBUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DIS EASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DESILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS AMSING FROM VITLA-TED OR INTURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid without which sound health is impossible in

AYER'S

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

ing in billary derangement, caused by the Malaria of Miasmatic Countries. We are enabled here to offer the community a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "CURE" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER AND AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of every body; and in billous districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is that it contains no Quimine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or We are enabled here to offer the community a

cure of Intermittents is that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Husteries, Pain in the Bowels, Cohe, Paralysis and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cune" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into discase. Hence it is even more valuable for protec-tion than cure, and few will ever suffer from Inter-mittents if they avail themselves of the protection

And by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

nov9:lyd,tw&w Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

CANADIAN & UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS TO AND FROM

LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW Liverpool, Montreal, Quebec,

NEW YORK. The Montreal Ocean Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Ciyde-built Steamers sail every Sat-urday from PORTLAND, carrying the Canadian and United States Mail and passengers. NORWEGIAN, BOHRMIAN,

NORTH AMERICAN, ANGLO-SAXÓN, HIBERNIAN, NOVA SCOTIAN. BOHEMIAN, ANGLO-SAXÓN, HIBERNIAN, CANADIAN, NOVA SCOTIAN.

Shortest, Cheapest and Quickest Conveyance from AMERICA TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

Rates of Passage to Europe, \$30, \$66, \$90. SO, SOC. SSO.

Will sail from LIVERPOOL every Wednesday, and from QUEEC every Saturday, calling at LONDONDERRY, to receive on beard and land Mails and Passengers, to and from Ireland and Scotland.

Il These Steamers are built of from in water-tight compartments, carry each an experienced Surgeon, and every attention is paid to the comfort and accommodation of passengers. As they proceed direct to LONDONDERY, the great risk and delay of calling at St. John's is avoided.

DERY, the great risk and delay of calling at St. John a la avoided.
Glasgow passengers are furnished with yara passage tickets to and from Londonderry.
Return tickets granted at reduced rates.
Oertificates issued for carrying to and bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of dreat Estitain and Ireland, at reduced rates, by this line of steamers, and by the WABHINGTON LINE OF SAILING PACKETS, leaving Liverpool every week.
Sight Drafts for £1 and upwards payable in England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales. For passage, apply at the Office. 23 BROAD-WAY, New York, and 19 WATER NT., Liverpool,

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents, J. R. ARMSTRONG, Co-Partnership. I SEAVE TREES DAY ADMITTED MY son JAMES ADGER BAIN as partner in my business, which will her after be conducted under the firm of Bain & Son. P. BAIN, 29 South High St. Columbus, Seb 15, 1861.

HENRY ECHLER,

Summer Arrangement.

Columbus and St. Louis.

Four Trains Daily from Columbus.

No. i EXPRESS at 11.40 a. m., stopping at Jefferson, London, Charleston, Gedarville, Xenia, Spring Valley, Corwin, Freeport, Fort Ancient. Marrow St., Lebanon, Foster's, Leveland and Milford, arriving at Oincinnati at 4.30 p. m., Dayton at 2.45 p. m., connecting with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroat for Louisville, Ky., Vincennes, Cairo, St., Louis, New Orleans, etc.; as Dayton for Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Chicago and all Western points.

THIRD TRAIN.

NIGHT EXPRESS, via Dayton, at 12 00 midnight, stopping at London, Kenia, Dayton, Middletown and Hamilton, arriving at Gineinnati at 5.85 a. m.; at Dayton at E.55 a. m.; connecting at Gineinnati with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroat for Louisville, Evansville, Vincennes, Cairo, St. Louis, Memphis, New Orleans, and all points South and South-west; also, at Dayton for Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Chicago, etc.

IFF For further information and Through Tickets apply to M. L. DOHERTY, Ticket Agent, Union Depot P. W. STRADER, General Ticket Agent, Cincinnati. JNO. W. DOHERTY,

Agent, Colum E. W. WOODWARD, Columbus, July 14, 1861

DAST. CENTRAL OHIO

Steubenville Short Line RAILROADS COMBINED!

CONNECTING AT BELLAIBE WITH THE BALTIMORE & OHIO,

AND AT PITTSBURGH WITH THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD: PORMING THE

Shortest, Quickest & Most Reliable Route to all Eastern Cities!

Trains Leave Columbus as follows

MORNING EXPRESS Leaves Columbus 3.30 A. M. from Union Dep

This Train also connects at Bellaire with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad

PITTSBURGH EXPRESS. Leaves Columbus 11 25 A. M., from Union Depot, via Steubenville; arrives at Newark, 12.50 P. M.; Coshoc-ton, 2.15 P. M.; Steubenville, 6 P. M.; Pittsburg, 5.40 P. M. Il This is the only route by which Passengers can leave Cincinnati at 7 A. M., go through is Pitts-burgh in daylight, without change of carsor delay.

FAST LINE.

Leaves Columbus 2.15 P. M., from Union Depot, via Rellaire: arrives at Newark, 3.23 P. M.; Zaneaville, 4 33 P. M.; Bellaire 7.55 P. M.; Pittsburgh, 11.25 P. M.; Harrisburg, 9.00 A. M.; via Alleutoun, arrives at New York, 4 P. M.; via Philadelphia, arrives—Philadelphia, 1.10 P. M.; New York, 6 P. M. This Train also connects at Harrisburg for Baltimore, arriving atl P. M.

This Train runs through to Bellaire or Pittsburg without change of Cars; and from Pittsburg there is no change of Cars to Philadelphia, or via Allentown to New York—thus offering

The only Route from Columbus to Baltimore Philadelphia, or New York, with only one change of Cars.

By this Train Passengers arrive in New York five hours in advance of the Northern lines. This Train also connects at Bellaire with the Baltimore and Ohlo E. R.

TThis Route is 30 miles shorter to Pittsburg and more than 100 miles shorter to New York, than Northern Lines.

Baggage Checked Through to all im portant Points East. ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

BELLAIRE OR STEUBENVILLE.

Tickets Good over either Route.

JNO. W. BROWN,
Gen. Ticket Agent Central Ohio R.
I. A. HUTCHINSON,
Gen. Ticket Agent Steubeaville Short Lin

William A. Gill COLUMBUS, OHIO AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE And Seed Store,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING
GOODS.

Novelties in Neck Ties and Scarfs.

"Byron and Garrote Collars.

"Embroidered Pocket Handkerchiefs
Paris Kid Gloves, superior make.
Golden Hill Shirts, various styles.
Boys' Golden Hill Shirts, do
Driving and Street Gloves, do
Heemied Pocket Handkerchiefs, various styles.
Half Hose and Under Garments.

BAIN & BON.

SOMETHING NEW. HOWARD & CO'S AMERICAN WATCHES CALL AT NO. 83, SOUTH HIGH ST.

Che Ohio Statesman

MR. CRITTENDEN'S REMARKS ON THE SLAVE CONFISCATION BILL.

Mr. CETTENDEN. I am but slightly acquaint ed with the rules of the House, but I supposed the previous question had been, substantially, withdrawn by the gentleman who made it, by entering into an argument with half a dozen

THIRD TRAIN.

the powers of Congress in this respect? It is be written with an impartial hand. The intercolumbus and Xonia, and at Spring Valley, Corwin, Morrow and Loveland, arriving at Glacionali at 2 a. m. power of legislation in time of peace must be the absence of the same power at all times.

FOURTH TRAIN. The constitutional power of this House does not come and go with a change of circumstan these little means of penal laws which, give me leave to say, will furnish those in arms against nent, immutable, and made to govern Congress. the Government a pretext for misrepresenting New, sir, if you can legislate in regard to slavery in this instance, and if you can, upon cer-tein conditions in time of war, destroy the right tion of the South, not for the overthrow of elaof the master to his slave, why cannot you, upon conditions, in time of peace do the same thing? You do it here because the slave is comployed to aid the master in the commission of a great crime, that is, the uniting in a civil war. Could you not apply the principle to times. war. Could you not apply the principle to times of peace, and make the conditions then? If a the object itself. Let us raise ourselves to that high level. But what will be the effect of these penal laws? Does any man suppose they

> o touch slavery at all. I say, in relation to slavery, that Congress for these small, petty means of annoyance, the never had any power of legislation within the effect of which will only be to render those now

erime here. The Constitution defines what it struggle from its national character. is, and provides for its punishment. It declares that treason against the United States shall consist in levying war against them; and that no person shall be convicted of treason except on the testimony of two witnesses to the same ourselves, if we succeed in bringing the struggle from its national character.

No; depend upon it, when this war is over the whole nation will be content to hear no more sound or outery of anguish in the land. It will desire perfect and uninterrupted peace; and we ourselves, if we succeed in bringing the struggle from its national character.

Now, sir, the crime declared by this bill, and for which this forfeiture is to take place, is treason by its very definition. It is so considered in this bill. It is so considered by my friend from Illinois. This law undertakes to deprive the owner of slaves of his entire property. prive the owner of slaves of his entire property, and give complete freedom to the slave. Constitution says that even on conviction of treason, there shall be no forfeiture of property, of any description, beyond the lifetime of the of-fender.

Constitution says used to the offective of property, of any description, beyond the lifetime of the offender.

Now, I ask my friends everywhere if it is not a plain breach of the Constitution that a man shall forfeit his alaves? Whatsoever of property he employs or permits to be employed in a certain way in aid of treasonable purposes, he shall forfeit his alaves? Whatsoever of property he employs or permits to be employed in a certain way in aid of treasonable purposes, he shall forfeit it absolutely, asys this bill; and especially shall be forfeited for for longer than his life. To language of the bill. To language the poorty shall be forfeited for longer than his life. In this, however else we may differ the end of the constitution is, that no titule of this property shall be forfeited for longer than his life. In this, however else we may differ, the language of the bill. To language and the same shall be forfeited for longer than his life. In this, however else we may differ, the language property shall be forfeited for longer than his life. In this, however else we may differ the shall have the reason in the language of the bill. To language his bill.

Str. I will leave the matter with this single remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have the remark. This provision of the bill will be coally the shall have SOMETHING NEW.

CENERAL HARDWARE, NAILS, GLASS, SABH, PUTTY. CORDAGN.

Guins, Pistols, Wood & Willow Ware, after and Subber Beiting, Lace Leather, Hose and king.

CENTELEMENT IS FURNISHENG G. E. N.T. E. M. E. N. S. FURNISHENG G. E. N.T. E. M. E. N. S. FURNISHENG G. E. N.T. E. M. E. N. S. FURNISHENG G. E. N. S. FURNISHE G. E. N. S. FURNISHE G. S. FURNISHE G. E. N. S. FURNISHE G. S. FURNISHE G. S. FURNISHE G. S.

forfeiture?"

No, gentlemen, it is not by such means that we are to achieve the great object of establishing our Union and re-uniting the country. Sir, these laws will have no efficacy in war. Their only effect will be to stimulate your adversaries to still more desperate measures. That will be the effect of this army of penal laws. The experiment has been tried by other countries. AMERICAN WATCHES,

annufactured by E. Howard & Co., Boston, Max.

These Watches are far superior to anything ever offered to the public, herstofore. Having the exclusive agency can sell them at prices to suit the times. I have just to the public and product.

These penal laws will prove to be the seed societed a large stock of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

These penal laws will prove to be the seed societed a large stock of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

These penal laws will prove to be the seed societed a large stock of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

These penal laws of penal laws. The expension of the public and state and National Administrations, or be in any wise responsible therefor. They are satisfied after a four months' triat, that Repair as allefted after a

templates. You know, as well as I do, the peculiar sensitiveness which exists upon the peculiar species of property to which this bill especially applies. I state now, as I have stated more than once in the other end of the Capitol, that I do not appear here to plead for my country; I am here to speak for my country; and with an honest, sincere heart, with all the carnestness of my nature, do I implore you to forego the passage of this bill, and to dismise forego the passage of this bill, and to dismiss it from your deliberations. The eyes of the world are upon you. You are in the presence of events that will be of deeper interest in history than any that have occurred in a hundred years; of as great importance, it seems to me, as can occur to the harms are as can occur to the human race. Then let us every department of as can occur to the human race. Then let us every department of ELEGANT DRESS SILKS. gentlemen upon the subject

The Spraker. The Chair would state that unless the demand is withdrawn, no debate is in their effect after the war is over. When that order.

Mr. Krilogo, of Illinois. I ask the unanimous consent of the House to permit the gentleman from Kentucky to proceed.

No objection was made.

Mr Catterengen. I shall occupy the time of their arms, in their arms in the lead down

No objection was made.

Mr Carrenden. I shall occupy the time of the House but a very few moments. Mr. Speaker, it has been conceded in all time, I believe, that the Federal Government, the Congress of the United States, had no power to legislate upon the subject of slavery within the States. It has been conceded that was a subject for State legislation only. Does war change the powers of Congress in this respect? It is the absence of all power upon the subject which of a trespass, or it may be a murder, can you declare that to be a sufficient cause for the liberation of the slave? Why can you not? Beuniting our countrymen under a liberation of the slave? Why can you not? Beuniting our countrymen under a liberation of the slave? cause you have no power by your Constitution erament and of restoring the supremacy of the Constitution, is it necessary to rake in the dust States; and, no longer ago than last session, this body and the Senate, by a majority of two-of the Constitution, when nobody had ever de-Now, sir, I am not inquiring, nor am I pre- means we employ show it. You must succeed pared to make an argument, as to powers in a state of war, as to national law, world-wide law. I am interposing a positive statute, and I say if there is no power to do this thing in time of peace, there is no such power at uny time.

Mr. Chittenden. I will proceed to make the sand I care? Does it weigh a single grain of sand in this great scale of war? Not a grain of sand. It is among the smaller matters, that

ject. I say, if you have no power directly, no matter what the advantages of the exercise of all. matter what the advantages of the exercise of that power would be, no matter bow just, no matter how necessary to the preservation of the Union, you cannot legislate about it for want of power. That is my point. You cannot make a general law that shall regulate slavery, that shall regulate the rights of the master or the rights of the servant in a State of this Union, in time of peace. That will be admitted, I think. You cannot punish any crime in the State; that is for the State. It is a part of its interior policy. It is the law, and you were willing to put the for exercise of the constitution says that for treason—the sights of the servant of the state; that is for the State. It is a part of its interior policy. It is the law, and you were willing to put the for exercise of the blocked after here at all.

I do not intend to trouble the House, particularly after the indulgence which has been granted in the time. There is much more in this connection that I would say under other circumstances. I have spoken of what seemed to me to be of emlnent importance in this crisis. I have said that this bill violates the Constitution, if in rothing else, in making the forfeiture of property complete, when the Constitution says that for treason—the signed and solons. &c., and in quantities and prices that cannot punish any or use with a call. The goods have been bought at Panic prices, and will be sold. Leaves Columbus 3.30 A. M. from Union Depot. Value Beliaire or Steubenyllie: arrives at Beliaire, 10.20 A. M.; Steubenyllie: arrives at Beliaire, 10.20 A. M.; Steubenyllie: 12.30 P. M.; Pitteburgh, 3.40 P. M.; Harrisourg, 1.10 A. M.; via Philadelphia, 5.10 A. M.; via Philadelphia, arrives at New York, 10.30 A. M. Connects also at Harrisburg for Baltimore, arriving at 7.45 A. M. also at Harrisburg for Baltimore, arriving at 7.45 A. M. state of things that highly excites us all? In adopting this indiscrept and unadvised legislation, are we not trying, under plausible circumstances, to insinuate our jurisdiction in a manner town arrive in New York at 8 A. M.; I will be construed in the Constitution as a thing never dented. Now, I ask my friend if this bill is not getting for no crime of less magnitude can the forfeiture beyond the interval of the constitution as a thing never dented. Now, I ask my friend if this bill is not getting for no crime of less magnitude can the forfeiture beyond the interval of the constitution as a thing never dented. Now, I ask my friend if this bill is not getting for no crime of less magnitude can the forfeiture beyond the interval of the constitution as a thing never dented.

Sleeping Cars attached to this Train adopting this indiscrept and unadvised legislation, are we not trying, under plausible circumstances, to insinuate our jurisdiction in a manner town arrive in New York at 8 A. M.; the crime against which be considered as giving an anti-slavery war. It will be considered as giving an anti-slavery war. It will be considered as giving an anti-slavery war. It will be considered as giving an anti-slavery war. be so understood) completely in the power of Congress?

Mr. Speaker, it is the crime against which we are legislating that irritates and provokes us to extremity in our legislation on this subject. We have a power in all cases within our jurisdiction to try persons in our courts for the crime alleged against them; and all the consequences which the law annexes under the Constitution follow the judgment.

Now, in reference to treason, which is the crime here. The Constitution defines what it struggle from its pational character.

ourselves, if we succeed in pringing the strug-ourselves, if we succeed in pringing the strug-declares that Congress shall have power to de-clare the punishment of treason; but no attain-der of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the of-

A certain class of ignorant and bigoted Republicans assert that because Damocrata are unwilling to fuse with them at the coming election, they are traitors. We take pleasure in interming these would be patriots that the Democracy are perfectly willing to furnish their share of men and money to preserve the government; but they do carnestly protest against bearing a part of the odium of Black Republican principles, and for this cause they refuse to coalesce with them. Besides that, they do not want to indoorse the present entirely rotten Republican State and National Administrations, or be in any wise responsible therefor. They are satisfied after a four months' triat, that Republicans may occasionally have control of a country or State, and not rain the country be that they are wholly inadequate to manage the National Government.

SIX DOLLARS PER YRAR Invariably in Advance.

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kerchiefs, &c., &c. To persons who call on us, we pledge our words to show them the largest, best and cheapest stock of Goods ever seen in this market, or pay them one dollar per STONE & O'HARRA.

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may favor her with their orders. The Ladies of Columbus and vicinity will piesse ac copt my sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

R. H. WARE, 65 East Town St., Columbus, O. TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

The Public Works of Ohio. Office of the Leases of the Public Works.

Columbus, Jane 13, 1861.

THIS undersigned having become the Leases of the I Public Works of Onio, under the act of May 8, 1861. Ind having entered into the possession of said Works, hereby give notice that in operating under said lease, and discharging their duties under the same, the business will be transacted with the public through agents appointed by the Leases, under such rules, regulations, restrictions and limitations, as shall be prescribed for their government.

Those Agents for the present, will consist of one General Agent, a Trensurer and Secretary, for the Central Office of the Leases at Columbus; and the necessary number of Superintendents of Repairs and Collectors of

your purpose in such a manner as to show even those with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered a work and when you are now obliged to be entered with whom you are now obliged to be entered a work and a security officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lesses, and shall have charge of the general Agent shall be the principal executive officer

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